

Key facts about North Dakota's surface transportation system

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Investing in North Dakota's transportation system improves road and bridge conditions and reduces driver costs

- A total of 19% of North Dakota's major roads are in poor or mediocre condition. Driving on deteriorated roads costs North Dakota motorists \$319 million a year – \$550 per driver – in the form of additional repairs, accelerated vehicle depreciation, and increased fuel consumption and tire wear.
- A total of 11% of North Dakota's bridges are rated in poor/structurally deficient condition, meaning there is significant deterioration to the major components of the bridge. A total of 41% of the state's bridges were built prior to 1970. Many bridges that are 50 years or older may require significant rehabilitation or replacement.
- Vehicle travel in North Dakota dropped by 32% in April 2020 due to the Covid-19 pandemic (as compared to the same month the previous year), but rebounded to 3% above pre-pandemic levels by 2025. Since 2000, vehicle travel on North Dakota's roads increased 39% and the state's population increased 24%.
- The five-year [Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act](#) (IIJA), which expires on September 30, 2026, will provide \$1.7 billion in federal funds for highway and bridge investments in North Dakota over five years, including a 29% increase over the previous federal surface transportation program.
- Construction cost inflation, the erosion of motor fuel taxes due to inflation, improved fuel efficiency, and the adoption of hybrid and electric vehicles threaten the state's ability to keep pace with growing transportation needs. The Federal Highway Administration's national highway construction cost index, which measures the rate of inflation in labor and materials cost, increased 52% from the beginning of 2022 through the third quarter of 2025.

Roadway improvements can reduce traffic crashes and save lives

- From 2020 through 2025, 480 people died on the state's highways, an average of 96 annual fatalities. North Dakota's traffic fatality rate of 0.84 fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles of travel is lower than the national average of 1.1.
- A total of 850 people were killed in traffic crashes in work zones in the U.S. in 2024, 19% higher than a decade ago. There were 7 work zone fatalities in North Dakota from 2020 to 2024. Work zone safety can be improved through the use of safety countermeasures including improved work zone design, improved driver messaging, high-visibility markings and speed enforcement.
- Traffic crashes in North Dakota imposed a total of \$812 million in economic costs in 2024. TRIP estimates that a lack of adequate roadway safety features, while not the primary factor, was likely a contributing factor in approximately one-third of all fatal traffic crashes, resulting in \$270 million in economic costs in the state in 2024. These costs include work and household productivity losses, property damage, medical costs, rehabilitation costs, legal and court costs, congestion costs, and emergency services.

Investing in our transportation system generates jobs, fosters economic recovery and growth, and improves safety

- Investments in the surface transportation system will boost North Dakota's economy in the short-term by creating jobs and in the long-term will enhance economic competitiveness, stimulate sustained job growth, improve access and mobility, improve traffic safety, reduce travel delays, and improve road and bridge conditions.
- Roads and highways are the backbone of our economy, allowing North Dakota motorists to travel 10 billion miles annually and moving a significant portion of the \$218 billion worth of commodities shipped to and from the state each year. But, conditions on the system are deteriorating, as the need for transportation improvements far outpaces the amount of state and federal funding available.
- The design, construction and maintenance of transportation infrastructure in North Dakota supports approximately 13,000 full-time jobs across all sectors of the state economy. Approximately 215,000 full-time jobs in North Dakota in key industries like tourism, retail sales, agriculture and manufacturing are completely dependent on the state's transportation network.

Latest data from the U.S. Census Bureau, USDOT, FHWA, BTS, ARTBA, NHTSA, and AAA compiled and analyzed by TRIP.

